

# **BEACH BUCKET SCAVENGER HUNT**

This lesson plan developed by:



#### **Overview:**

Beaches have many components, including non-living (rock, sand, shells, skeletons), living (beach hoppers, sand crabs, worms, clams, seaweed), and manmade (plastic, glass, metal) items. Take a beach anywhere with your custom-made beach bucket. Use the worksheet provided for a quick lesson on beach ecology.

#### Materials:

Per small group (2 to 4 students):

- Shoe-box size container ("bucket" ) with snap-on lid
- Enough sand to fill "bucket" 2 inches deep
- 5-6 photos of beaches from old magazines or calendars
- 3-4 items from plants: driftwood, twigs, leaves, dried seaweed, etc.
- 3-4 items from animals: shells, crab exoskeletons, fish bones, sea urchin tests, etc.
- 3-4 items from humans: bottle tops, soda rings, small plastic bottles or plastic bags
- "What's in My Sand?" worksheet for each student
- Pencil for each student

#### **Set-up Prior to Activity**

Preassemble the beach buckets or have the students collect items from a local beach or coastline.

Duration:

30 minutes

### **Physical Activity:**

Moderate



## Activity:

- 1. Gather students on the sand, at a grassy area or at tables. "Beach Bucket Scavenger Hunt" can be paired with "A Sand Story."
- 2. Begin the activity with a verbal "brainstorm" to assess prior knowledge. (If you have a whiteboard, you can make a list of the answers.) Ask students guiding questions such as:
  - Who has been to a sandy beach?
  - What have you found on the beach?
  - Has everything you have found on the beach come from nature?
  - What items were manmade?
  - How did it make you feel to find plastic or other trash on the beach?
- 3. Tell students that this activity explores sandy beach ecology, that is what lives on the beach and what may harm the animals that live there.
- 4. If the buckets are not premade, then ask students to go on a scavenger hunt to find items on they sandy beach you are visiting. You may want to put a few limits on what they can pick up; such as no cigarette butts, medical debris (syringes), or person hygiene items. Also if jellyfish are common, students should not touch them.
- 5. Ask students to bring back eight to ten items and a handful of sand. Place the sand, then the items in their bucket (2 to 4 students per bucket).
- 6. Distribute worksheet. Ask students to explore and sort what they found.

#### **Discussion:**

- 1. Did they find any seaweed? Any trash? Any animal exoskeletons or bones? Have students share what they found in their bucket with others.
- 2. Begin a discussion on what students consider to be a healthy beach? Is there anything in their bucket that might be considered a pollutant? Why?
- 3. If you are returning items to the beach after the lesson, please ask students to dispose of the trash correctly.

#### **Ocean Literacy Principles:**

Ocean literacy is an understanding of the ocean's influence on us, and our impact on the ocean. There are seven <u>Ocean Literacy Essential Principles</u> that all people of our blue planet should have an opportunity to learn and understand. This activity touches upon the following Essential Principles:

- 2. The ocean and life in the ocean shape the features of Earth
- 6. The ocean and humans are inextricably interconnected
- 7. The ocean is largely unexplored

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## Beach Bucket Scavenger Hunt (cont.)



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# What's in My Sand?

Many things, natural and man-made, make up the sand on our beaches. Choose an object from the beach bucket that came from a plant, human and animal, and draw them below.



